

# TECHORAMA

DEEP KNOWLEDGE IT CONFERENCE

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October 1-3 | 2018

Ede, The Netherlands



SUPERCHARGE  
YOUR WEB  
APPLICATION

Rick van den Bosch  
Cloud Solutions Architect

[@rickvdbosch](https://twitter.com/rickvdbosch)

[rickvandenbosch.net](http://rickvandenbosch.net)

[r.van.den.bosch@betabit.nl](mailto:r.van.den.bosch@betabit.nl)

# AN INTRO TO AZURE DATA LAKE

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# Calendar



- About Azure Data Lake
- Azure Data Lake Store
  - Demo
- Azure Data Lake HDInsight
- Azure Data Lake Analytics
  - Demo
- Power BI
- Resources

# AZURE DATA LAKE



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# Azure Data Lake

Azure Data Lake



The diagram illustrates the Azure Data Lake ecosystem, showing three main components in blue circles:

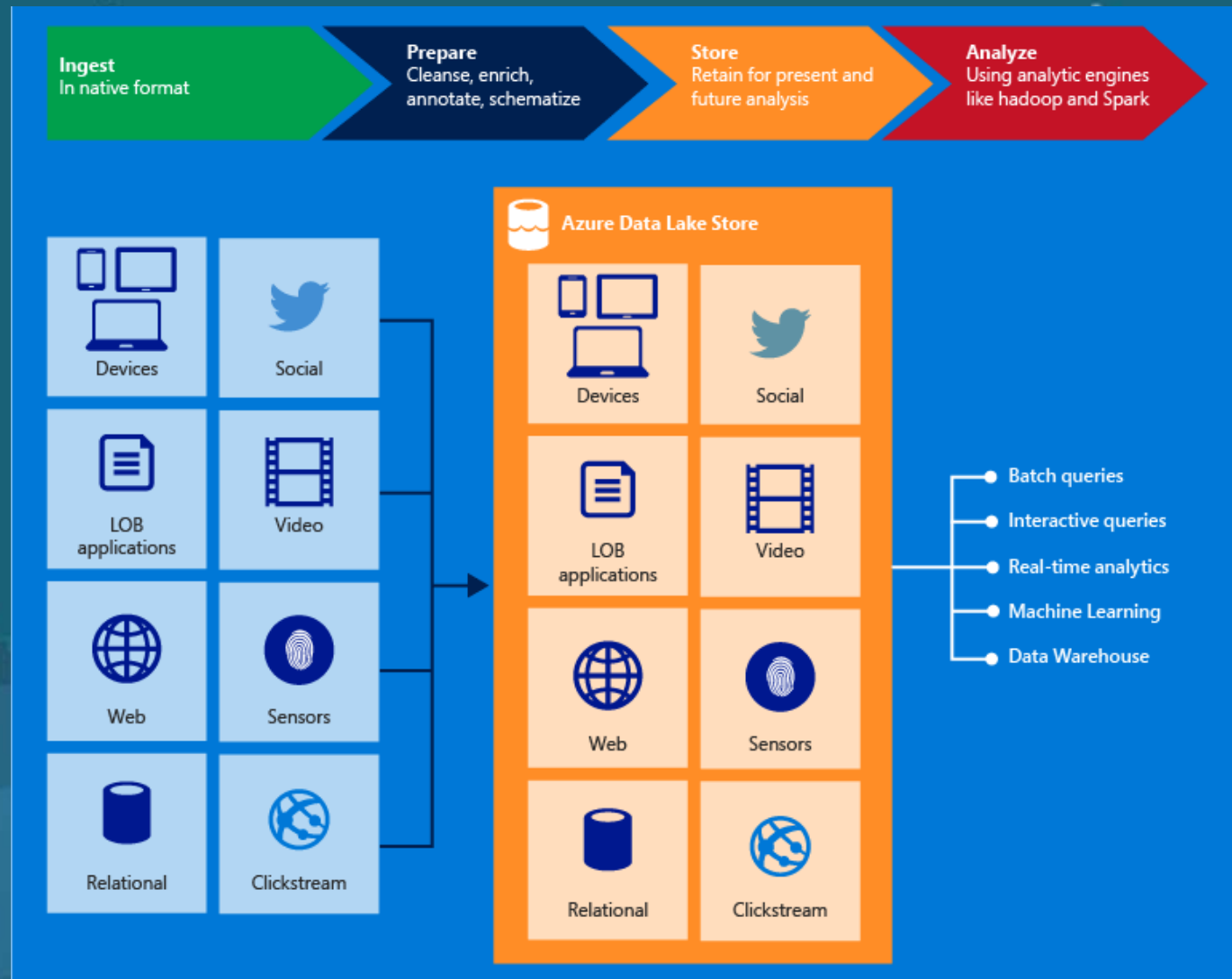
- Data Lake Store:** Represented by a circle containing various data-related icons (cloud, laptop, mail, globe, server, bar chart, folder, document, network, cloud, thumbs up, download, speech bubble). Below the circle is the text "HDFS".
- Data Lake Analytics:** Represented by a circle containing a cluster of nodes icon. Below the circle are logos for R, YARN, C#, T-SQL, and .NET.
- HDInsight:** Represented by a circle containing a server rack icon with "Hadoop" and "Spark" labels. Below the circle are logos for R, YARN, Scala, .NET, Java, and Python.

No limits Data Lake

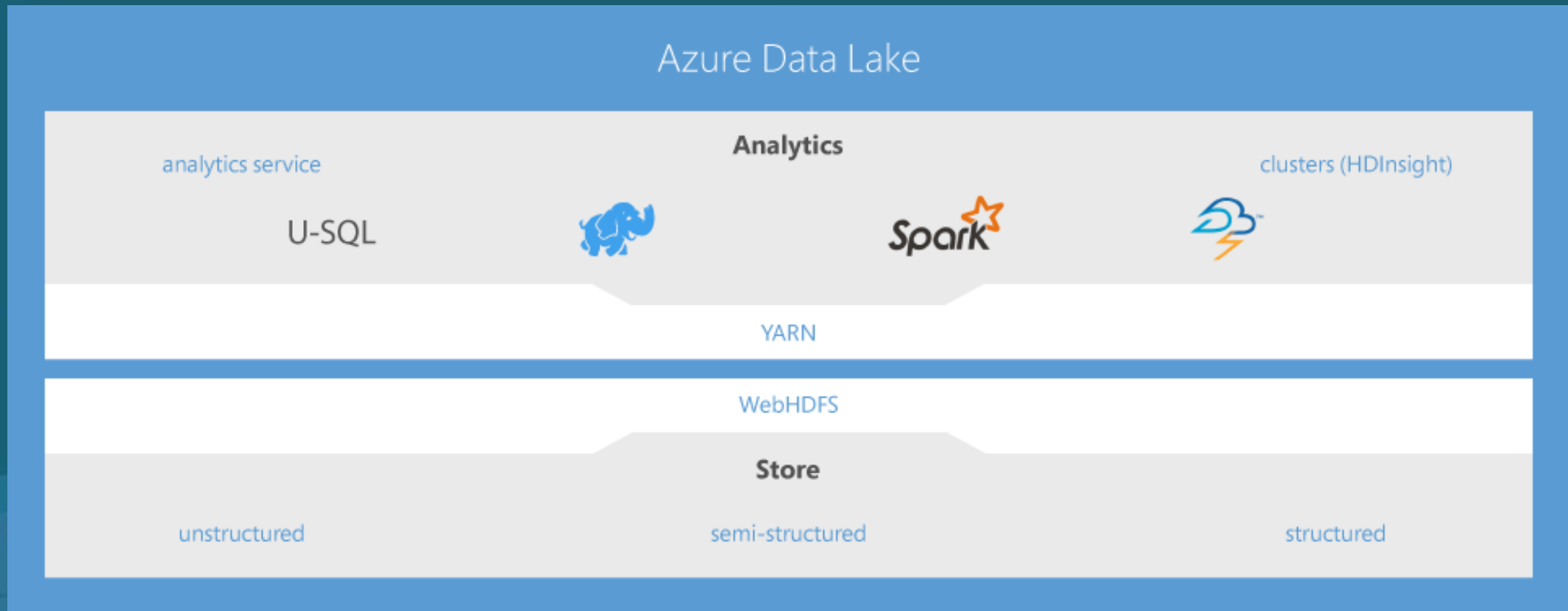
Analytics job service

Managed Clusters

# Example



# Azure Data Lake





# AZURE DATA LAKE *STORE*

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# Store



- Enterprise-wide hyper-scale repository
- Data of any size, type and ingestion speed
- Operational and exploratory analytics
  
- WebHDFS-compatible API
- Specifically designed to enable analytics
- Tuned for (data analytics scenario) performance
  
- Out of the box:  
security, manageability, scalability, reliability, and availability

# Key capabilities

- Built for Hadoop
- Unlimited storage, petabyte files
- Performance-tuned for big data analytics
- Enterprise-ready: Highly-available and secure
- All data

# Security

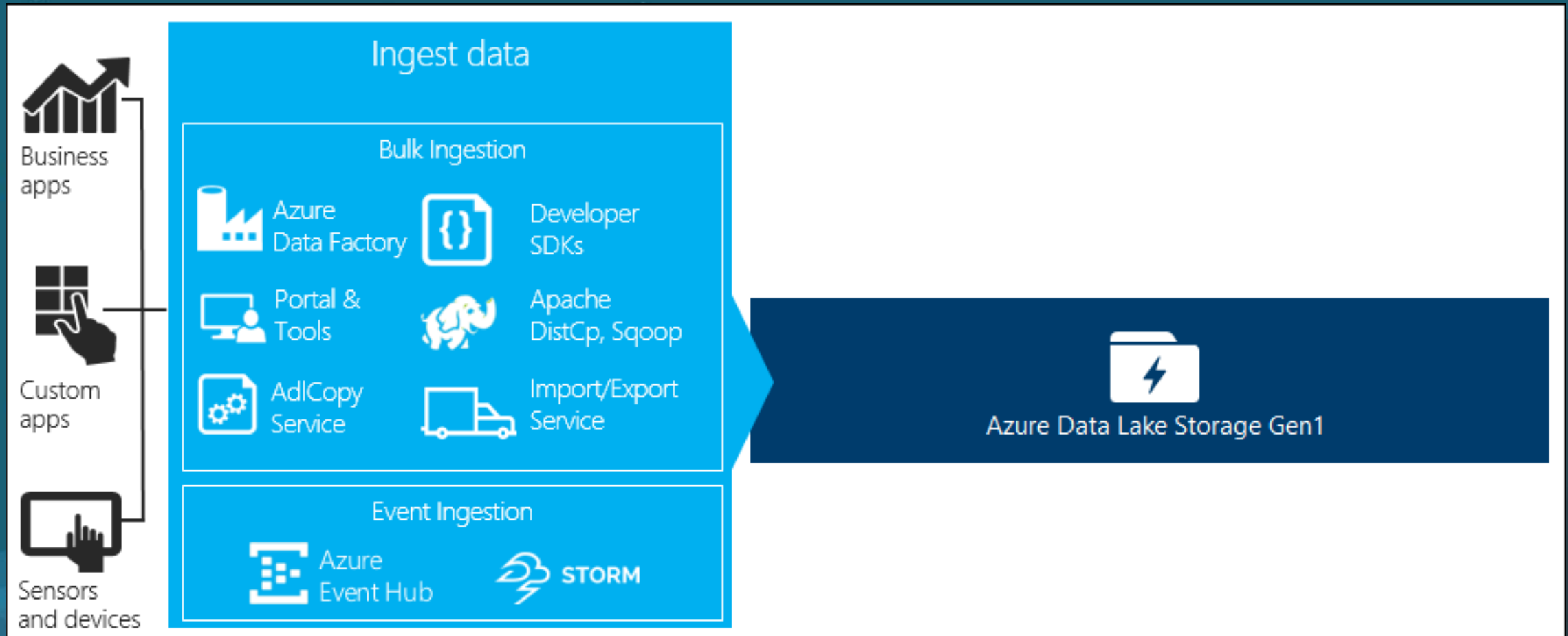


- Authentication
  - Azure Active Directory integration
  - Oauth 2.0 support for REST interface
- Access control
  - Supports POSIX-style permissions (exposed by WebHDFS)
  - ACLs on root, subfolders and individual files
- Encryption

# Compatibility

Open Source Software	Distribution
Apache Sqoop	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
MapReduce	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
Apache Storm	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
Apache Hive	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
HCatalog	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
Apache Mahout	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
Apache Pig/Pig Latin	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
Apache Oozie	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
Apache Zookeeper	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
Apache Tez	HDInsight 3.2, 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6
Apache Spark	HDInsight 3.4, 3.5, and 3.6

# Ingest data



# Ingest data Ad hoc

- Local computer
  - Azure Portal
  - Azure PowerShell
  - Azure CLI
  - Using Data Lake Tools for Visual Studio
- Azure Storage Blob
  - Azure Data Factory
  - AdlCopy tool
  - DistCp running on HDInsight cluster

# Ingest data → Streamed data

- Azure Stream Analytics
- Azure HDInsight Storm
- EventProcessorHost



# Ingest data → Relational data

- Apache Sqoop
- Azure Data Factory

# Ingest data Web server log data

*Upload using custom applications*

- Azure CLI
- Azure PowerShell
- Azure Data Lake Storage Gen1 .NET SDK
- Azure Data Factory

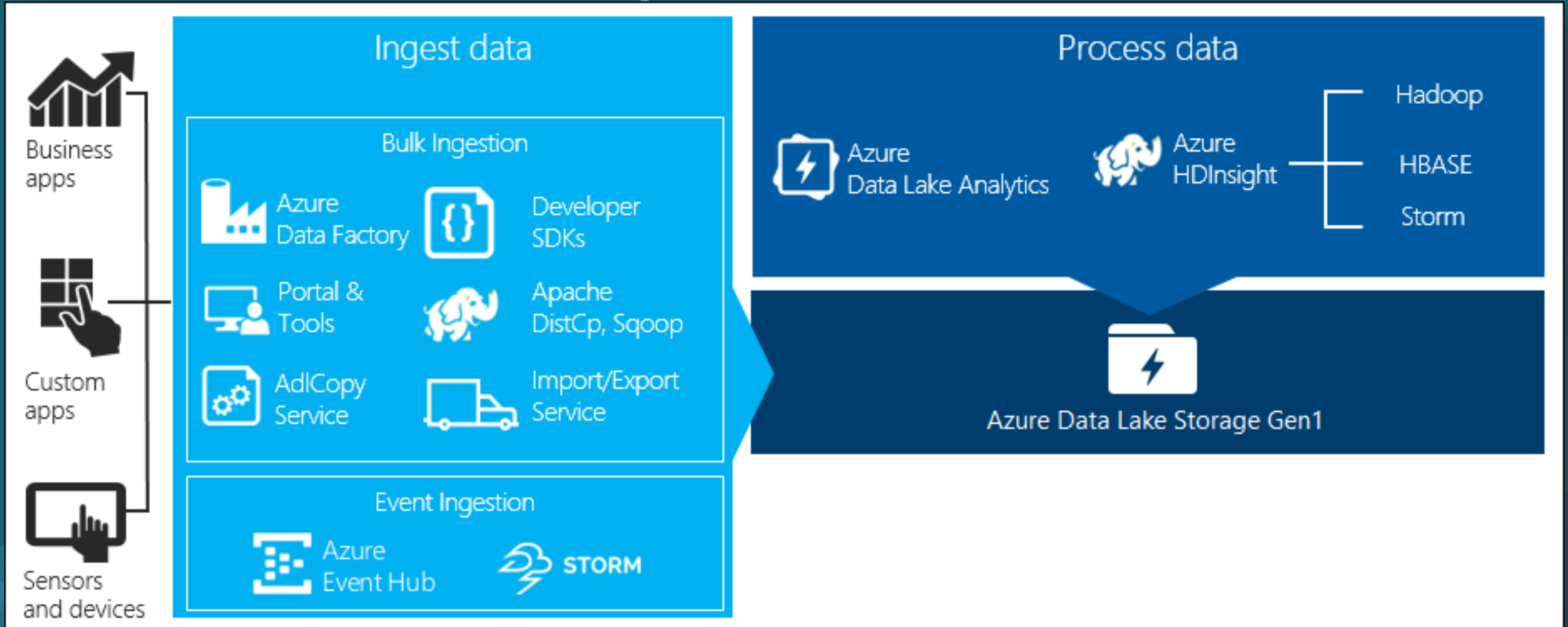
# Ingest data - Data associated with Azure HDInsight clusters

- Apache DistCp
- AdlCopy service
- Azure Data Factory

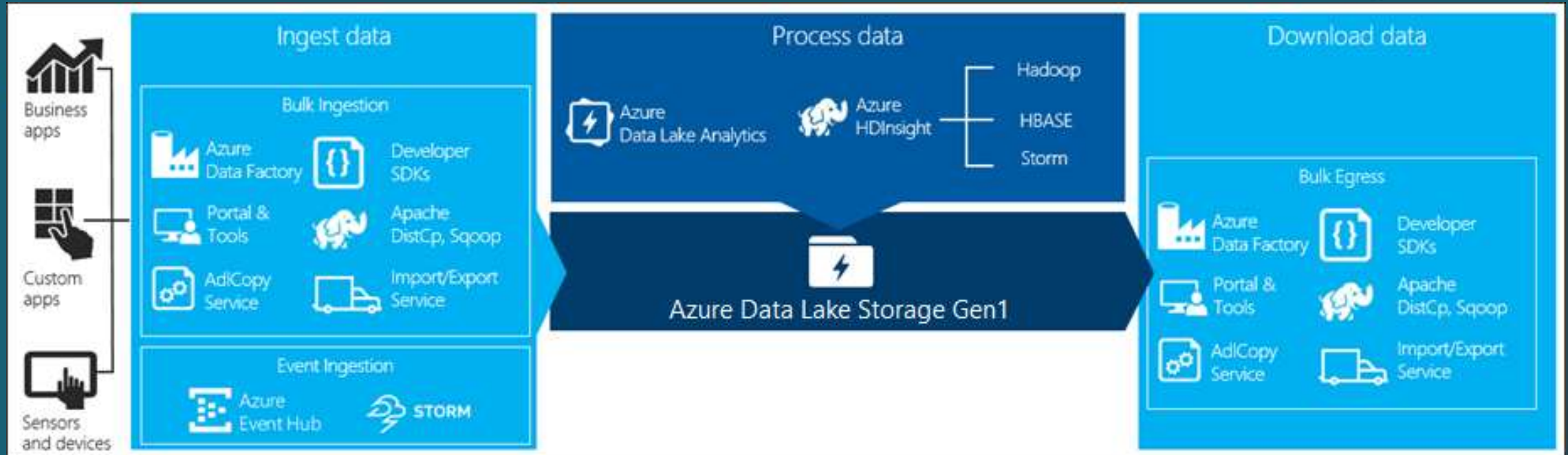
# Ingest data → Really large datasets

- ExpressRoute
- “Offline” upload of data
  - Azure Import/Export service

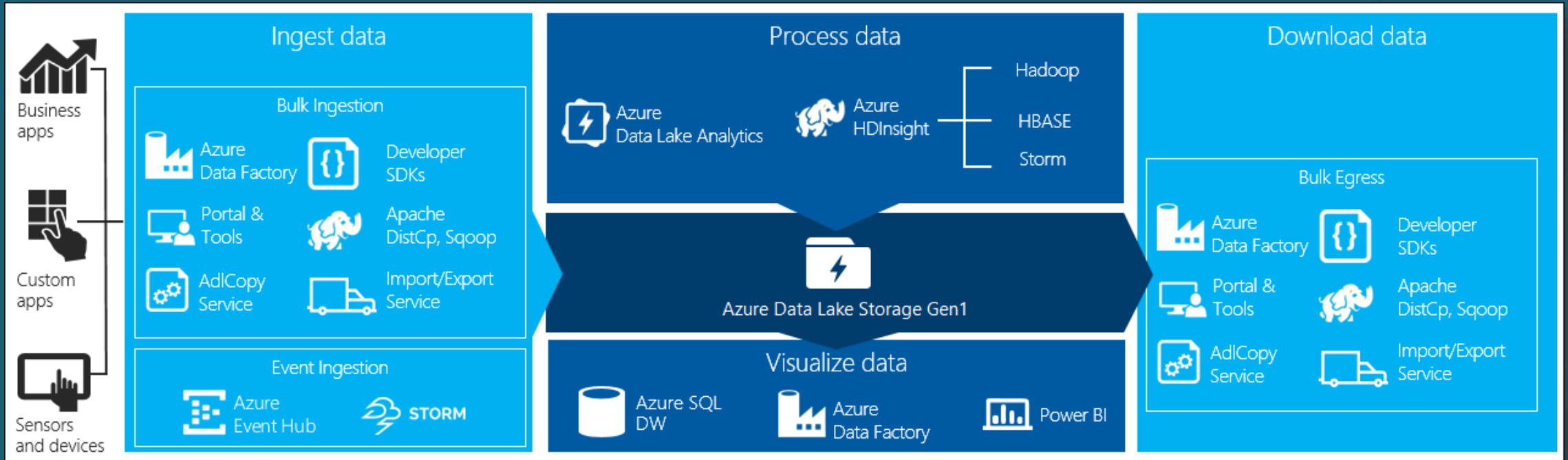
# Process data



# Download data



# Visualize data



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# Storage Gen2 (Preview)

- Dedicated to big data analytics
- Built on top of Azure Storage
- The only cloud-based multi-modal storage service

“In Data Lake Storage Gen2, all the qualities of object storage remain while adding the advantages of a file system interface optimized for analytics workloads.”

# Store Gen2 (Preview)

- Optimized performance
  - No need to copy or transform data
- Easier management
  - Organize and manipulate files through directories and subdirectories
- Enforceable security
  - POSIX permissions on folders or individual files
- Cost effectiveness
  - Built on top of the low-cost Azure Blob storage

# AZURE DATA LAKE HDINSIGHT



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# HDInsight

- Cloud distribution of the (Hortonworks) Hadoop components
- Supports multiple Hadoop cluster versions (can be deployed any time)
- Hadoop
  - YARN for job scheduling & resource management
  - MapReduce for parallel processing
  - HDFS

<b>Component</b>	<b>HDInsight 4.0 (Preview)</b>	<b>HDInsight 3.6 (Default)</b>	<b>HDInsight 3.5</b>	<b>HDInsight 3.4</b>	<b>HDInsight 3.3</b>	<b>HDInsight 3.2</b>	<b>HDInsight 3.1</b>	<b>HDInsight 3.0</b>
Hortonworks Data Platform	3.0	2.6	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.1.7	2.0
Apache Hadoop and YARN	2.9.1	2.7.3	2.7.3	2.7.1	2.7.1	2.6.0	2.4.0	2.2.0
Apache Tez	0.9.1	0.7.0	0.7.0	0.7.0	0.7.0	0.5.2	0.4.0	-
Apache Pig	0.16.0	0.16.0	0.16.0	0.15.0	0.15.0	0.14.0	0.12.1	0.12.0
Apache Hive and HCatalog	-	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	1.2.1	0.14.0	0.13.1	0.12.0
Apache Hive	3.1.0	2.1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-
Apache Tez Hive2	-	0.8.4	-	-	-	-	-	-

# Cluster types

- Apache Hadoop
- Apache Spark
- Apache Kafka
- Apache Interactive Query (AKA: Live Long and Process)
- Apache Storm
- Microsoft Machine Learning Services (R Server)

# Component & utilities

- Ambari
- Avro
- Hive & HCatalog
- Mahout
- MapReduce
- Oozie
- Phoenix
- Pig
- Sqoop
- Tez
- YARN
- ZooKeeper

# Languages - Default

- Java
  - Clojure
  - Jython
  - Scala
- Python
- Pig Latin (for Pig jobs)
- HiveQL for Hive jobs and SparkSQL



The background features a dark teal gradient. At the bottom, there is a stylized, semi-transparent city skyline with various building silhouettes. The upper portion of the image is filled with numerous small, multi-colored dots (white, yellow, red, green) representing stars or data points. A single white comet-like object with a tail is positioned in the upper left quadrant.

# AZURE DATA LAKE *ANALYTICS*

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# Analytics



- Dynamic scaling
- Develop faster, debug and optimize smarter using familiar tools
- U-SQL: simple and familiar, powerful, and extensible
- Integrates seamlessly with your IT investments
- Affordable and cost effective
- Works with all your Azure data

# Analytics



- on-demand analytics job service to simplify big data analytics
- can handle jobs of any scale instantly
- Azure Active Directory integration
- U-SQL

# U-SQL



- language that combines declarative SQL with imperative C#

```
@searchlog =  
    EXTRACT UserId      int,  
           Start       DateTime,  
           Region      string,  
           Query       string,  
           Duration    int?,  
           Urls        string,  
           ClickedUrls string  
    FROM "/Samples/Data/SearchLog.tsv"  
    USING Extractors.Tsv();  
  
OUTPUT @searchlog  
    TO "/output/SearchLog-first-u-sql.csv"  
    USING Outputters.Csv();
```

Copy

# U-SQL – Key concepts

- Rowset variables
  - Each query expression that produces a rowset can be assigned to a variable.
- EXTRACT
  - Reads data from a file and defines the schema on read \*
- OUTPUT
  - Writes data from a rowset to a file \*

# U-SQL – Scalar variables

```
DECLARE @in string = "/Samples/Data/SearchLog.tsv";
DECLARE @out string = "/output/SearchLog-scalar-variables.csv";

@searchlog =
    EXTRACT      UserId      int,
                ClickedUrls string
    FROM @in
    USING Extractors.Tsv();

OUTPUT @searchlog
    TO @out
    USING Outputters.Csv();
```

# U-SQL – Transform rowsets

```
@searchlog =  
    EXTRACT UserId    int,  
           Region    string  
    FROM "/Samples/Data/SearchLog.tsv"  
    USING Extractors.Tsv();  
  
@rs1 =  
    SELECT UserId, Region  
    FROM @searchlog  
    WHERE Region == "en-gb";  
  
OUTPUT @rs1  
    TO "/output/SearchLog-transform-rowsets.csv"  
    USING Outputters.Csv();
```

# U-SQL – Extractor parameters

- delimiter
- encoding
- escapeCharacter
- nullEscape
- quoting
- rowDelimiter
- silent
- skipFirstNRows
- charFormat



# U-SQL – Outputter parameters

- delimiter
- dateTimeFormat
- encoding
- escapeCharacter
- nullEscape
- quoting
- rowDelimiter
- charFormat
- outputHeader

# U-SQL



Built-in extractors and outputters:

- Text
- Csv
- Tsv

A (for instance) CSV Extractor or Outputter is  
**EXACTLY THAT**



# Data sources

- Options in the Azure Portal:
  - Data Lake Storage Gen1
  - Azure Storage

Home > Data Lake Analytics > techoramadla - Data sources > Add data source

### Add data source

Storage type

Azure Data Lake Storage Gen1

Azure Storage

\* Azure Storage

Select data source

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POWERBI



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# Power BI



## Get Data

- All
- File
- Database
- Power BI
- Azure**
- Online Services
- Other

### Azure

- Azure SQL database
- Azure SQL Data Warehouse
- Azure Analysis Services database
- Azure Blob Storage
- Azure Table Storage
- Azure Cosmos DB (Beta)
- Azure Data Lake Store**
- Azure HDInsight (HDFS)
- Azure HDInsight Spark
- HDInsight Interactive Query (Beta)
- Azure Kusto (Beta)

[Certified Connectors](#)

[Connect](#) [Cancel](#)

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# USING AZURE SQL IN DATA LAKE ANALYTICS

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# Data Sources

## CREATE DATA SOURCE -statement

- Azure SQL Database
- Azure SQL Datawarehouse
- SQL Server 2012 and up in an Azure VM

# Create Azure SQL Data Source

1. Make sure your SQL Server firewall settings allow Azure Services to connect
2. Create a 'database' in the Data Lake Analytics account
3. Create a Data Lake Analytics Catalog Credential
4. Create a Data Lake Analytics Data Source
5. Query your Azure SQL Database from Data Lake Analytics

# Create 'database' in DLA (U-SQL)

```
CREATE DATABASE <YourDatabaseName>;
```

# Create credential (PowerShell)

```
Login-AzureRmAccount;  
Set-AzureRMContext -SubscriptionId <YourSubscriptionId>;  
  
New-AzureRmDataLakeAnalyticsCatalogCredential  
    -AccountName "<YourDLAAccount>"  
    -DatabaseName "<YourDatabaseName>"  
    -CredentialName "YourCredentialName"  
    -Credential (Get-Credential)  
    -DatabaseHost "<YourAzureSqlServer>.database.windows.net"  
    -Port 1433;
```

# Create Data Source (U-SQL)

```
USE DATABASE <YourDatabaseName>;

CREATE DATA SOURCE <YourDataSourceName>
FROM AZURESQLDB
WITH
(
    PROVIDER_STRING =
        "Database=<YourAzureSQLDatabaseName>;Trusted_Connection=False;
        Encrypt=True",
    CREDENTIAL = <YourCredentialName>,
    REMOTABLE_TYPES = (bool, byte, sbyte, int, string, ...)
);
```

# Data Source (under Data Explorer)

The screenshot displays the Microsoft Data Explorer interface for a workspace named 'test01'. The left sidebar contains navigation options: 'Search (Ctrl+/)', 'Diagnose and solve problems', 'SETTINGS' (with sub-items: Firewall, Data Sources, Pricing Tier, Properties, Locks, Automation script), and 'GETTING STARTED'. The main pane shows a tree view of the workspace structure:

- Storage accounts
  - rvdbdi01 (default)
- Catalog
  - test01
    - master
    - WazugDemo
      - Tables
      - Views
      - Table Valued Functions
      - Procedures
      - Assemblies
      - Credentials
      - External Data Sources (highlighted)
- Packages

The right pane shows the configuration for the selected 'External Data Source':

- DATABASE**: WazugDemo
- PROVIDER**: AZURESQLDB
- PROVIDER STRING**: Initial Catalog=;Integrated Security=False;Encrypt=True
- PUSHDOWN TYPES**: System.Boolean, System.Byte, System.DateTime, System.Decimal, System.Double, System.Int16

# Query your Azure SQL Database (U-SQL)

```
USE DATABASE <YourDatabaseName>;

@results =
    SELECT *
    FROM EXTERNAL <YourDataSourceName> EXECUTE
        @"<QueryForYourSQLDatabase>";

OUTPUT @results
TO "<OutputFileName>"
USING Outputters.Csv(outputHeader: true);
```

# Resources

- [Basic example](#)
- [Advanced example](#)
- [Create Database \(U-SQL\) & Create Data Source \(U-SQL\)](#)
  
- [This example](#)
  
- [Azure blog](#)
- [Azure roadmap](#)
  
- [rickvandenbosch.net](http://rickvandenbosch.net)



THANK YOU

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